

# **IMPORT HEALTH STANDARD FOR THE IMPORTATION INTO NEW ZEALAND OF CATTLE, SHEEP, GOAT, DEER, HORSE AND PIG BY-PRODUCTS DERIVED FROM CATEGORY 3 MATERIAL ONLY, FOR PHARMACEUTICAL USE, TECHNICAL USE OR PETFOOD FROM THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY**

## **IMPORT INFORMATION FOR IMPORTER AND BORDER STAFF**

### **8 November 2016**

Pursuant to section 27(1)(d)(iii) of the Biosecurity Act 1993, Chief Technical Officer  
Direction: **CTO 2016 070 [B]**.

Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 replaced Regulations (EC) No 1774/2002.

### **8 October 2014**

Pursuant to section 27(1)(d)(iii) of the Biosecurity Act 1993, Chief Technical Officer  
Direction: **CTO 2014 138 [B]**.

The certificate validity statement – ‘This certificate is valid for 4 months from the date of issue (unless revoked)’ is no longer required.

### **8 September 2014**

The following information relates to Chief Technical Officer Direction: **CTO 2014 123 [G]**.

Plasma of bovine, ovine, equine, cervine, caprine or porcine origin derived from category 3 material from the EU is eligible for importation under this import health standard. Both Assigned Numbers (AN) 23.1 and 16 are accepted.

If your consignment requires this Biosecurity measure/exemption, a permit to import is required.

**Issued pursuant to Section 22 of the Biosecurity Act 1993**

**Dated: 11 October 2004**

## **USER GUIDE**

The information in MAF animal and animal product import health standards is presented in numerically ordered sections with descriptive titles. Sections are grouped into one of four parts, designated alphabetically.

Part A. GENERAL INFORMATION contains sections of general interest, including those relating to the legal basis for MAF import health standards and the general responsibilities of every importer of animals and animal products.

Part B. IMPORTATION PROCEDURE contains sections that outline the requirements to be met prior to and during importation. Whether a permit to import is required to be obtained prior to importation is noted, as are conditions of eligibility, transport and general conditions relating to documentation accompanying the consignment.

Part C. CLEARANCE PROCEDURE contains sections describing the requirements to be met at the New Zealand border and, if necessary, in a transitional facility in New Zealand prior to any consignment being given biosecurity clearance.

Part D. ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATION contains model health certification which must be completed by the appropriate personnel as indicated in the certification and accompany the consignment to New Zealand.

## **PART A. GENERAL INFORMATION**

### **1. IMPORT HEALTH STANDARD**

- 1.1 Pursuant to section 22 of the Biosecurity Act 1993, this document is the import health standard for the importation into New Zealand of cattle, sheep, goat, deer, horse and pig by-products derived from category 3 material only, for pharmaceutical use, technical use or petfood from the European Community.
- 1.2 Obtaining biosecurity clearance for each consignment of cattle, sheep, goat, deer, horse and pig by-products derived from category 3 material only, for pharmaceutical use, technical use or petfood from the European Community is dependent on the consignment meeting the requirements of this import health standard.
- 1.3 This import health standard may be reviewed, amended or revoked if there are changes in New Zealand's import policy, or the animal health status of the originating country, or for any other lawful reason, at the discretion of the Director Animal Biosecurity.

### **2. IMPORTER'S RESPONSIBILITIES**

- 2.1 The costs of MAF in performing functions relating to the importation of cattle, sheep, goat, deer, horse and pig by-products derived from category 3 material only, for pharmaceutical use, technical use or petfood shall be recovered in accordance with the Biosecurity Act and any regulations made under that Act.
- 2.2 All costs involved with documentation, transport, storage and obtaining a biosecurity direction and/or biosecurity clearance shall be borne by the importer or agent.
- 2.3 Once the consignment has been given biosecurity clearance into New Zealand, it is the

importer's responsibility to ensure (where relevant) that the consignment complies with the Animal Products Act 1999, especially if it is returned New Zealand product, product entering operations also used for the export of animal products, or if it is to be re-exported. Information about these requirements can be obtained from the New Zealand Food Safety Authority (NZFSA) website:

**[www.nzfsa.govt.nz/animalproducts/publications/omar/01-172.htm](http://www.nzfsa.govt.nz/animalproducts/publications/omar/01-172.htm)**

or by contacting the local NZFSA Verification Agency office. Certification and other official assurance requirements which may be applicable are accessible at:

**[www.nzfsa.govt.nz/animalproducts/publications/manualsguides/oap/index.htm](http://www.nzfsa.govt.nz/animalproducts/publications/manualsguides/oap/index.htm)**

2.4 The feeding of ruminant protein (e.g. rendered protein derived from cattle, sheep, goats, deer, alpacas) in any form, composition or admixture to ruminants (e.g. cattle, sheep, goats, deer, alpacas) is prohibited under the Biosecurity (Ruminant Protein) Regulations 1999. A copy of the Regulations can be obtained from the website:

**[www.legislation.govt.nz](http://www.legislation.govt.nz)**

2.5 Products containing ruminant protein, or any material from premises that render, produce or utilise ruminant protein, must not be sent for further processing to any premises where feed suitable for ruminants is produced under the Biosecurity (Ruminant Protein) Regulations 1999.

2.6 Consignments containing ruminant protein, or any material from premises that render, produce or utilise ruminant protein, must be labelled in accordance with clause 14(c)(ii) of the Biosecurity (Ruminant Protein) Regulations 1999.

### **3. DEFINITION OF TERMS**

#### **97/132/EC**

Council Decision 97/132/EC of 17 December 1996 on the conclusion of the Agreement between the European Community and New Zealand on sanitary measures applicable to trade in live animals and animal products.

#### **Regulation (EC) No 999/2001**

Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies.

#### **Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002**

Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 October 2002 laying down health rules concerning animal by-products not intended for human consumption.

#### **Biosecurity clearance**

A clearance under section 26 of the Biosecurity Act 1993 for the entry of goods into New Zealand.

#### **Category 3 material**

Category 3 material according to Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002.

### **Director Animal Biosecurity**

The Director Animal Biosecurity, New Zealand Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, or any person who for the time being may lawfully exercise and perform the power and functions of the Director Animal Biosecurity.

### **European Community**

Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, The Netherlands and United Kingdom.

### **MAF**

The New Zealand Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry

### **New Zealand Inspector**

A person who is appointed an inspector under section 103 of the Biosecurity Act 1993.

### **Official Veterinarian**

A veterinarian authorised by the National Veterinary Competent Authority of the country to perform animal health and/or public health inspections of commodities and, when appropriate, perform certification in conformity with the provisions of the chapter of the OIE Code pertaining to principles of certification and Council Directive 96/93/EC.

### **Pharmaceutical use or technical use**

This refers to any use other than for human or animal consumption.

### **Petfood**

This refers to food prepared for direct consumption by dogs and cats only.

## **PART B. IMPORTATION PROCEDURE**

### **4. PERMIT TO IMPORT**

4.1 A permit to import is not required for cattle, sheep, goat, deer, horse by-products.

4.2 A permit is not required for pig by-products that have:

EITHER: a) been heat treated to a core temperature of one of the following core temperature/time parameters - either 56°C for 60 minutes; or 57°C for 55 minutes; or 58°C for 50 minutes; or 59°C for 45 minutes; or 60°C for 40 minutes; or 61°C for 35 minutes; or 62°C for 30 minutes; or 63°C for 25 minutes; or 64°C for 22 minutes; or 65°C for 20 minutes; or 66°C for 17 minutes; or 67°C for 15 minutes; or 68°C for 13 minutes; or 69°C for 12 minutes; or 70°C for 11 minutes.

OR: b) during processing have been subjected to a procedure which ensured the meat achieved a pH of 5 or below; or achieved a pH 7 or above.

- 4.3 A permit to import is required for pig by-products that do not comply with Clause 4.2. Application for a permit to import shall be made prior to the proposed date of importation in writing The Director Animal Biosecurity, Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, PO Box 2526, Wellington, New Zealand.

## 5. ELIGIBILITY

- 5.1 Only Category 3 material from cattle, sheep, goats, deer, horse and pigs are eligible for entry under this import health standard. This refers to materials imported for further processing and not intended for direct human consumption within New Zealand.

- 5.2 The packaging must be labelled: “Not for use in ruminant feeding stuffs”.

- 5.3 For by-products which have been imported into the European Community from a third country and are subsequently destined for export to New Zealand, the following requirements must be met:

5.3.1 In each case, the product must originate from a third country eligible to export the product directly to New Zealand i.e. by-products from pigs, sheep and goats may be imported from Australia, Canada and United States of America. By-products from horses may be imported from Argentina, Australia, Canada and United States of America. By-products from deer may be imported from Australia, New Caledonia and Norway. By-products from cattle may be imported from Australia.

- 5.3.2 The following additional declaration shall be included on the model health certificate (see PART D. ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATION):

“The product described herein was derived/partly derived from product which:

- i. was imported into the European Community from .....  
(Country/countries of origin)
- ii. was further stored, handled, processed, wrapped, and/or packaged in an establishment which is eligible to process product for intra-Community trade,
- iii. is the subject of an existing import health standard between New Zealand and the third country/countries where the product originated (see clause 5.3.1),
- iv. originated in a third country/countries and establishment(s) listed by the European Community and is eligible for export to the European Community.”

5.3.3 A copy of the original “import” certificate (i.e. certificate(s) used to import the product into the European Community) is to be attached to the signed Member State health certificate (see PART D. ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATION). This copy is to be endorsed “certified copy of original” and signed by the certifying officer.

## **6. DOCUMENTATION ACCOMPANYING THE CONSIGNMENT**

- 6.1 The consignment shall be accompanied by appropriately completed health certification which meets the requirements of PART D. ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATION.
- 6.2 Documentation shall be in English, but may be bilingual (language of exporting country/English).
- 6.3 It is the importer's responsibility to ensure that any documentation presented in accordance with the requirements of this import health standard is original (unless otherwise specified) and clearly legible. Failure to do so may result in delays in obtaining biosecurity direction and/or clearance or rejection of consignments.

## **PART C. CLEARANCE PROCEDURE**

### **7. BIOSECURITY CLEARANCE**

- 7.1 Upon arrival in New Zealand the documentation accompanying the consignment shall be inspected by an Inspector at the port of arrival.
- 7.2 Providing that the documentation meets all requirements noted under PART D: ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATION and the consignment meets the conditions of ELIGIBILITY, the consignment may, as appropriate, be given a biosecurity clearance pursuant to section 26 of the Biosecurity Act 1993 or biosecurity direction pursuant to section 25 of the Biosecurity Act 1993.

## **PART D. ZOOSANITARY CERTIFICATION**

### **8. NEGOTIATED EXPORT CERTIFICATION**

- 8.1 The following Model Zoosanitary Certificate contains the information required by MAF to accompany imports of cattle, sheep, goats, deer, horse and pig by-products derived from Category 3 materials only, for pharmaceutical use, technical use or petfood from the European Community.



**IV. Health Attestation:**

I the undersigned hereby certify that:

The animal products herein described, comply with the relevant European Community animal health/public health standards and requirements which have been recognised as equivalent to the New Zealand standards and requirements as prescribed in Council Decision 97/132/EC, as last amended, specifically, in accordance with:

- Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 and Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002.

**V. Additional Declarations/Guarantees:**

I the undersigned hereby certify that the animal product is eligible for intra-community trade without restriction.

I the undersigned hereby certify that this product does not contain and is not derived from bovine, ovine and caprine materials other than those derived from animals born, continuously reared and slaughtered in the European Union and which has been produced in full compliance with Regulations of the European Parliament and the Council (EC) No 999/2001 and (EC) No 1774/2002 as applicable.

I the undersigned hereby certify that for animal product which contains porcine tissues or materials derived from wild pigs, the products herein described were derived from areas free from classical swine fever in the feral porcine population for the preceding 60 days.

**VI. This certificate is valid for 4 months from the date of issue (unless revoked)**

Done at:..... on:.....

Signature and Seal of Official Veterinarian:.....

*(Note: The signature and official seal must be in a colour different to that of the printing.)*